Desalination in the Canary Islands, an updated view

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The data presented herein are for the year 2000 and are based on official figures, as well as a survey carried out by the Canary Islands Water Center. However, some estimates had to be made to complete some of the tables.

1. Facts and figures about the Canary Islands

1.600.000 inhabitants
7 islands
1.531 km of coastal line
355.000 hotel beds
2.700 hotel installations
10.500.000 visitors per year (average stay 10 days)
First desalination plants started operating in 1965

2. Desalinated water use

	m³/d	# plants
Urban	210.000	153
Irrigation	105.000	100
Total	315.000	253

3. Water sources

	m³/d	# plants
Ocean	177.000	140
Brackish (sodium chloride)	110.000	100
Brackish volcanic (sodium bicarbonate)	13.000	10
Treated municipal wastewater	15.000	3

4. Population supplied with desalinated water

Year 2000	1.000.000
	1.000.000
Year 2005 (estimated)	1.400.000
	1.100.000

5. Islands varied dependence on desalination

From East to West	consumption hm ³ /y	desalination hm ³ /y	%
Lanzarote	17,5	14,7	84 %
Fuerteventura	14	11,3	80 %
Gran Canaria	150	61,5	41 %
Tenerife	200	28,0	14 %
La Gomera	10	0	0 %
El Hierro	2,7	0,5	19 %
La Palma	62	0	0 %
Total	456,3	116,0	25 %

6. Type of plants presently in service

Technology	# plants	m³/d
Vapor compression (VC)	10	5.000
Multi-stage-flash (MSF)	2	10.000
Multi-effect-distillation (MED)	2	40.000
Electrodialysis reversible (EDR)	23	40.000
Reverse osmosis (RO)	216	220.000

7. Number of plants according to size

Size	m ³ /d	# plants
Small	≤1.000	120
Medium	1.000-5.000	111
Large	> 5.000-30.000	21
Very Large	≥30.000	1

8. Ownership

o. owneronip	# plants	Estimated Investment (US\$)	m³/d
Private	227	55.000.000	100.000
Public	25	100.000.000	215.000

9. Energy source for desalinated water

	%	
Fuel oil Surplus steam Wind Natural gas Photovoltaic	87% 13% 0,02% 0 % 0 %	

Year	Kwh/m ³
1975	22
1980	17
1985	14
1990	9
1995	5
2000	2,9

10. Evolution of energy consumption per cubic meter desalinated seawater (best available technology)

11. Energy savings techniques

- Reverse osmosis with energy recovery devices
- Two steps RO with two different types of membranes and intermediate booster
- Electrodialysis reversible
- Advanced multi-effect-distillation plants

12. Reliability of the systems

- Most suppliers guaranty >90% availability
- Life expectancy of the plants 20-25 years
- Replacement is more a need to improve energy efficiency than rundown problems

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